

<範圍：U5~R3> 【劃卡代號：21】

班級：

座號：

姓名：

Section One: Listening Comprehension (22%)

Part 1: Response Questions

- (A) I want to be a mail carrier in the future. What about you?
(B) There is a movie theater over there, and the post office is across from it.
(C) I know the police station. You can ask someone for help.
- (A) I spent nothing because my parents paid for me as a birthday gift.
(B) Korea was a wonderful place to visit, and I plan to go back soon.
(C) It took us only 30 minutes to get there.
- (A) My house is next to the hospital.
(B) I can go to the train station by taxi.
(C) No, thanks. I'll walk home.
- (A) There is no such thing as a free lunch.
(B) It'll take twenty minutes.
(C) It'll cost fifty dollars.

☐such 如此

Part 2: Conversation Questions

- (A) At a bus stop. (B) In Ximending. (C) In the metro station.
- (A) No, they don't. (B) No, they won't. (C) Yes, they will.
- (A) The price is good (B) The color is nice. (C) The clerk is sweet.
- (A) NT\$240. (B) NT\$300. (C) NT\$500.

Part 3: Passage Questions

- (A) It is very safe around these houses.
(B) It's easy to go shopping near the houses.
(C) The houses are next to the bus station.

☐convenient 方便的

- (A) A pool. (B) A park. (C) A fire station.
- (A) Houses. (B) Gardens. (C) Phones.

Section Two: Reading Comprehension (78%)

Part 1: Grammar & Phrases

- Although it was very cold outside on snowy days, the heater made the room warm and comfortable. Jasmine _____ her coat and hat right after she went into the house .
(A) put on (B) put off (C) took on (D) took off
- Mandy sometimes goes _____ on the country road with her family, but she never goes to the beach or the pool.
(A) surfing (B) swimming (C) sailing (D) biking
- The range of Jay Chou's concert ticket is at a _____ from NT\$1,880 to NT\$6,880.
(A) change (B) pay (C) price (D) dollars
- The Chinese New Year _____, and it may take Grandma a lot of time _____ shopping.
(A) is coming on the corner; to go (B) is around the corner; and go
(C) is coming on the corner; go (D) is around the corner; to go
- Turn left _____ the post office and _____ one block.
(A) at; go straight for (B) at; go along (C) on; go straight for (D) on; go along with
- They wanted _____ to the USA and _____ home then.
(A) taking a ship; by taking a plane (B) to take a ship; to take a plane to
(C) taking a ship; by plane (D) to take a ship; take a plane

☐although 雖然; heater 暖氣

☐range 範圍

18. Tricia: _____ does it _____ you to study English every day?
William: About one hour every day.
(A) How much; take (B) How much; cost (C) How long; cost (D) How long; take
19. Ryan: _____ you going to the UK with your parents next year?
Selena: Yes, I _____.
(A) Are; will (B) Are; am (C) Will; will (D) Will; am
20. Lisa: Did you buy anything for Mom's birthday at the shopping mall?
Shrimp: No, it wasn't open when I went there at that time. But I _____ there again later.
(A) go (B) am going to (C) will go (D) went
21. During Christmas time, there will be _____ people visiting the Christmas Land in New Taipei City.
(A) millions of the (B) 100 hundreds of (C) 500 thousands of (D) thousands of
22. _____ using cheap workers and polyester, they make cheap clothes _____ a short time.
(A) By; in (B) ×; in (C) With; for (D) × ; for
23. Which sentence is **not right**?
(A) Will you spend Christmas getting together with your family this year?
(B) It will be so much fun for them to wait for the party on Christmas Eve.
(C) Going down the stairs and keep walking, then you can see it next to the front door on the ground floor.
(D) To keep the clothes cheap, the fast fashion companies use cheap workers by moving their factories to other countries.
24. Which sentence is **right**?
(A) People can buy new clothes at nice designs with a low price.
(B) When you wash the clothes, the polyester comes off them little by little.
(C) Let's go by the bus because of our school is near the bus stop.
(D) We got down at the CKS Memorial Hall station half an hour before.
25. Which "**second**" is very different from the others in meanings?
(A) English words are sometimes different. "The first floor" in the UK is "the **second** floor" in Japan.
(B) You can donate **second**-hand clothes to the helping center.
(C) Our party will be on February **second**. I can't wait for it.
(D) Can you stop for a **second**? I have something to say.
26. Which "**block**" is very different from the others in meanings?
(A) The hospital is many **blocks** away. Are you sure you can walk there?
(B) My best friend **blocked** me on Instagram. She must be angry with me.
(C) Go straight for two **blocks**. And you can see the toy store on your right.
(D) William is my neighbor. We live on the same **block**.
27. Which "**change**" is very different from the others in meanings?
(A) Taipei Main Station is very big. Many people **change** the metro or trains there.
(B) I always went to the Dodo Movie Theater when I was young. Today I went there again. Nothing **changes**!
(C) I'm sorry to tell you about some **changes** about our plan.
(D) The jeans cost \$470. This is \$500. Just keep the **change** after you pay for them.

Part 2: Cloze:

A.

Abe: This bag looks so cute. Where did you get it? You must (28).

Thomas: Not a dollar! I made it by myself.

Abe: Really? How did you do it?

Thomas: My mom's jeans are too small for her, so I can take them to make it.

Abe: I can't believe it! You are really smart.

Thomas: I got this idea from the speech about upcycling. I (29) it last week and found it so great!

Abe: Upcycling?

Thomas: When you don't use something anymore, you turn it into something better. That's upcycling!

Abe: I know that! I can turn water bottles into plant pots!

Thomas: No. That's downcycling! Downcycling makes things (30) less. However, upcycling gives a thing a new life and makes it useful and beautiful.

Abe: Upcycling and downcycling are both good ways for us to use new things with a (31) cost to the environment!

Thomas: You're right!

☐better 較好的; less 較少的; speech 演講; plant pots 盆栽

28. (A) stop for a second

(B) spend a lot of money

(C) spend much time making it

(D) come off the jeans
29. (A) heard from

(B) walked around

(C) listened to

(D) asked someone for
30. (A) cost

(B) save

(C) spend

(D) come off
31. (A) cheap

(B) expensive

(C) high

(D) low

B.



We all need to eat, but we may not always have time to (32). Luckily, there are food delivery services. They bring food to our doors. Some restaurants send their food to us. We usually have to pay a little for that. Sometimes, it's free if we order enough food. Now, over 40% of the restaurants in Taipei work with food delivery companies. Foodpanda and Uber Eats are two of them. Their apps are simple to use, and people can order and pay for food really easily. Most of people pay by card, and some of them (33).

For us, food delivery services are really convenient and easy. On the apps, there are many kinds of food for us to choose from. In the morning, we can order anything from hamburgers to coffee; at dinner time, we can (34). For restaurants, food delivery helps keep them going. They can even get a lot of business on bad weather days. People don't want to eat out then.

However, food delivery (35). First, we need to pay more for our food. For example, it costs only NT\$80 to buy a cup of coffee in the shop, but we may need to pay NT\$100 or more for it through food delivery. Next, when the food gets to our door, it may become not so delicious because of the long delivery time. Last, sometimes we may get the wrong food. We order a pizza, but we get a hamburger. Despite these above, some of us still find it hard to live without food delivery now.

☐convenient 方便的; longer 較久的; fewer 較少的; despite 儘管

(A) pay in cash	(B) cost little	(C) send everything by scooter
(D) order food online	(AB) is not perfect	(AC) buy the food through apps
(AD) order anything from pizzas to noodles	(BC) make our food	

C.

Do you know *Romeo and Juliet* by Shakespeare? Tony is going to watch the famous play with his family this weekend. First of all, they will go to the theater by metro. After they _____ (36) _____ the metro, it is going to _____ (37) _____ them about fifteen minutes to walk to the theater. When they _____ (38) _____ the gate of the theater, Tony will _____ (39) _____ for the tickets. The ticket will _____ (40) _____ them two thousand dollars. They are going to _____ (41) _____ a wonderful night watching the play there.

(A) take	(B) spend	(C) get off	(D) take off
(AB) cost	(AC) pay	(AD) get to	(BC) get on

Part 3: Reading Comprehension:

A.

Last week, Willy came to Taipei for a meeting. The meeting was at Garden Hotel on Parkway Street. The hotel was new, and Willy didn't want to be late. He wanted to be there on time, so he went to the train station early from home. When he went out of the station and was ready to walk across the street, he saw an old man. The old man looked nice, so he went up to ask for his help. After a talk with the old man, Willy took a bus, got off at the school and looked around for the hotel. He saw there was a hotel just one block away and started to walk down the street. Some minutes later, Willy was in front of a hotel, but it was Golden Hotel, not Garden Hotel. Also, he was sad to find that he was on Flowerway Street, not Parkway Street. Willy didn't know what happened. Was it because the old man did not listen to him well and told him the wrong hotel? Willy asked some people there, and finally a police officer came to show him the right way. It was a quarter to ten when Willy got to the meeting room. The meeting was going to start soon. To his surprise, he saw the old man again! The old man was sitting in the meeting room. He was the CEO of Garden Hotel!

meeting 會議; advice 建議; could 能夠; information 資訊; surprise 驚喜

42. How did Willy get to Garden Hotel?
- (A) by train → by metro → on foot (B) by taxi → by train → by bus
(C) by train → by bus → on foot (D) by bus → on foot → by car


43. In the reading, an old man told Willy the way to Garden Hotel. What might he say?

(A) You can go by bus and get off at HD High School. The hotel is a short walk away from there.

(B) Walk across from the street and turn right. The hotel is on the corner.

(C) Walk down Flowerway Street for a few minutes. The hotel is on your right.


(D) You can take the train there. After you get off the train, you can see the hotel near the station.

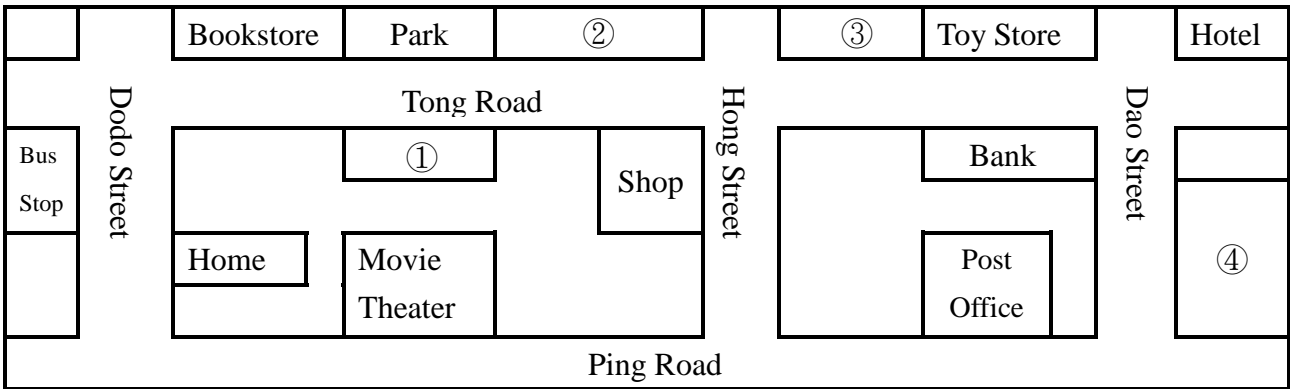


44. Which is true about the reading?
- (A) Willy was lucky to join the meeting at Golden Hotel on time.
 - (B) Willy was lost at first, but he was lucky to find his way with the help of the police.
 - (C) Willy met the old man in front of the school.
 - (D) The old man didn't want Willy to come, so he gave him the wrong information.

B.

This morning, Alan put me into his book bag. He took me to school with him. He walked along Dodo Street, turned right on Tong Road and stopped at a restaurant across from the park for breakfast. He took me out and let me sit next to him. We had a great time eating our breakfast together. However, when Alan put me back into his book bag, he forgot to close it. I almost fell out of the bag when he went across Hong Street. I held on his schoolbag very tight and tried not to fall off. After he went for another block and made a right turn, I fell from his schoolbag. I ran after him along the road and tried to catch up with him. Tony didn't notice this and walked into his school. I shouted at him at the school gate, but he didn't hear me. What can I do now?

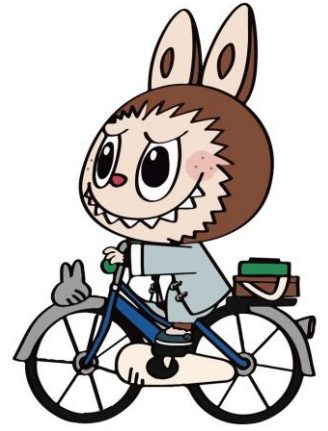
tight 緊的, notice 注意



45. What may the writer be?
- (A) A police officer.
 - (B) Alan.
 - (C) A dog.
 - (D) Alan's classmate.
46. Which is **NOT** true?
- (A) ① is across from a park.
 - (B) They went to ② for breakfast this morning.
 - (C) Alan goes to ④ for learning every day.
 - (D) ③ is next to a toy store.
47. How can you help the writer to go back home?
- (A) Turn right on Dao Street. It will be on the corner.
 - (B) Go along Ping Road for two blocks. You can see your home after a right turn.
 - (C) Go down Ping Road and turn right after you walk past the post office.
 - (D) Go straight on Tong Road for a block and turn left on Hong Street. Go for another block. It's on your right.

C.


People around the world are crazy about bicycle riding. With rising gasoline prices and cost of living, more and more people use bicycles instead of using their cars to save money. Also, bicycle riding is good for our environment. It doesn't make any bad air while the CO₂ from cars and motorcycles is bad for our earth. What's more, when people go bike riding, they can have a chance to exercise and get healthy. For most modern people, exercising is important because they usually spend a lot of time sitting and keep static for a long time in the classroom or in the office.



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However, riding a bicycle in a big city isn't always safe. For example, when people ride a bike on rainy days, they may fall down easily. Another example is when the riders are forced to ride on roads full of cars and buses, they may face car accidents, too. Besides, bicycle riders may get hurt easily if they ride too long.

Are you a fan of riding a bike? Sometimes riding a bike saves money, but for many bicycle riders, it never costs too much to keep or even upgrade their bicycles.

 gasoline 汽油; instead of 取代; while 當..的時候; forced 被強迫; accidents 意外; upgrade 升級; fresh 新鮮的

48. What is the closest meaning to static?
- (A) Tired. (B) Usual.
(C) True. (D) Not moving.
49. Which is NOT a good point of riding a bicycle?
- (A) It's good for our body.
(B) It helps to make the air fresh.
(C) It can save money for gasoline.
(D) Bicycle riders never experience car accidents.
50. Why does the writer say “**it never costs too much to keep or even upgrade their bicycles**”?
- (A) Many bicycle riders are very poor.
(B) Many bicycle riders don't want to spend much money on their bicycles.
(C) Many bicycle riders would like to spend money upgrading their bicycles.
(D) Thanks to bicycle riding, riders can save more money.



Congratulations! Well-done!

Don't forget to check it twice after you finish it.

Wish all of you a happy winter vacation and a happy new year!